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LEO M. FRANK MUST DIE, IS COURT ORDER

Last Legal Appeal By Georgian, Convicted of Factory Girl's Murder, is Denied By the Supreme Court of the United States — Only State Pardon Officials Can Now Save Youth From Paying Death Penalty—Two Justices Dissent in Opinion.

Washington, April 19.—The Supreme Court of the United States today decided against Leo M. Frank in his habeas corpus case.

It is believed that only the state pardon officials can now save the Georgian youth from the death penalty for his conviction of the murder of Mary Phagan, a factory girl.

The Supreme Court's action today seemingly exhausts every possible resort to the courts.

Opinion of the Court

Justice Pitney delivered the opinion of the court. He concluded, by saying:

"In all the proceedings in the courts of Georgia the fullest right and opportunity to be heard according to the established modes of procedure have been accorded to him.

"In the opinion of this court," said Justice Pitney, "he is not shown to have been deprived of any right guaranteed him by the 14th amendment or any other provision of the constitution or laws of the United States; on the contrary, he has been convicted and is now held in custody under due process of law within the meaning of the constitution."

Justice Holmes delivered a dissenting opinion in which Justice Hughes concurred.

Leo M. Frank's fight for life has taken a place among the celebrated murder trials of recent years. Three times the supreme court of Georgia has refused to interfere with the sentence of death. Two appeals were made to the supreme court of the United States. The first was unsuccessful; the second resulted in the decision today.

Frank, a young man of education,

whose home had been in Brooklyn, N. Y., was superintendent of a pencil factory in Atlanta, Ga., when Mary Phagan was murdered on April 26, 1913; Mary Phagan was 14 years old and pretty. Her body was found in the cellar of the pencil factory with a cord tied about her neck and physicians testified at the trial that she had been choked to death after an attempt at assault.

Jim Conley, a negro sweeper at the factory, the prosecution's chief witness, accused Frank of the crime and principally upon the negro's testimony a jury returned a verdict of guilty.

In their successive appeals from that verdict, Frank's attorneys have contended that a wave of anti-Jewish race prejudice had swept over the city, and that they and Frank were absent from the court room when the verdict was returned because the court feared personal violence to Frank and them, if Frank should not be convicted.

Immediately upon conviction, Frank's attorneys made an ordinary motion for a new trial, giving 100 grounds. With the motion were affidavits that one of the jurors had said

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PLAN MONSTER TABERNACLE ON MAIN ST. LOT FOR BILLY SUNDAY; VOTE OF PASTORS IS 41 TO 6

Approving by vote of 41 to 6 the plans of their committee for a "Billy Sunday revival" in this city, the Bridgeport Pastors' association today began active preparation for the great religious movement that is expected to result from the engagement of the former ball player and present evangelist.

A monster tabernacle, to cost \$15,000, and to stand at an expense of \$10,000, is to be erected on the vacant lot owned by Samuel H. Wheeler at the northwest corner of

Main and Congress streets, will be one of the big preliminaries.

Another stipulation made known today in connection with the plans of the association is that the local Protestant churches must agree to close on the first two Sundays that "Billy Sunday" is in town.

Sunday can't come to Bridgeport until the fall of 1916. The evangelist has engagements in the pastors say, will make it impossible to get him before then.

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RUSSIANS USE FLEET OF BIG LOCOMOBILES FOR SCOUTING

Workmen are laboring night and day on an order for 140 Locomobile touring cars for the Russian army, at the plant of the Locomobile Co. in this city.

The order must be delivered by May 15, and the big plant of the Locomobile is running 24 hours a day in the endeavor to turn out the cars.

Every machine will be a 12 passenger touring car. They will be painted a dull gray, in accordance with stipulations, so that the bodies of the machines will so harmonize with the landscape in the war zone as to be invisible except at a short distance.

The Russians are planning to use

the cars for scouting duties and for the officers. They have adopted the method of painting the cars gray because it has met with a distinct success in their experiments, which were based on the old plan of painting battle ships and blockading runners that color for the same purpose.

Forty trucks went to New York for Russia last Friday night. Large orders for trucks are still being filled. Representatives of the Russian government were in this city last week watching the progress of the work on the touring cars. As a result of their findings, the most tremendous activities have been instituted in the effort to meet the demands.

FOUR WOMEN FAINT IN CHURCH WHILE BISHOP CONFIRMS CLASS

While the largest crowd that ever was in St. Charles' church, packed the edifice to the doors yesterday afternoon to view the confirmation by Bishop F. J. Nihan of several hundred children, four women fainted and had to be carried to the open air.

The sudden change in the weather made the interior of the church humid, and this, added to the immensity of the crowd, resulted in the partial collapse of the women. They were revived in the air outside the church and taken to their homes.

The church was filled to its capacity yesterday with fathers, mothers, sisters and brothers, who had come to witness 852 children receive the sacrament of confirmation from Bishop Nihan. The class was the largest to be confirmed since the parish was formed. Each girl attired in pure white and each boy dressed in a black suit

with a white bow on the left arm approached the altar to receive the sacrament. Miss Anna Flynn acted as sponsor for the girls and William McElroy for the boys. Bishop Nihan was assisted by Rev. James B. Nihill, P. R., of St. Augustine's and Rev. Patrick McGivney.

Among the other priests seated in the sanctuary were Rev. John McGivney of West Haven, Rev. Edward V. Murphy, Rev. Thomas P. Gloster, Rev. Thomas P. Mulcahy, Rev. James Husson, Rev. Richard L. Moore and Rev. John C. Lynch.

After the bishop administered the sacrament, all the children pledged to themselves to abstain from all intoxicating liquors until they reach the age of 25. The ceremony concluded with benediction of the blessed sacrament celebrated by Rev. Thomas P. Mulcahy.

POLITICAL RIVALS, PRINCIPALS IN LIBEL SUIT FOR \$50,000 AND PRESIDING JUDGE



THEODORE ROOSEVELT JUDGE W. S. ANDREWS WILLIAM BARNES

FEAR MISSING WATCHMAN HAS BEEN DROWNED

Police Drag Deep Water In Search For Body of Victor S. Lawson.

GONE FROM HOME SINCE SATURDAY

Lunch-Box and Other Effects Found With Coat and Cap in Empty Boat

Victor S. Lawson, aged 40, of 208 Holly street, special policeman, yachtman, watchman for the Bridgeport Hydraulic Company at the Bostwick avenue docks, and formerly second mate on the Rosedale and a well known trolleyman of this city, has been missing since last Saturday night.

Owing to the fact that he was last seen in one of his motorboats at the dock, and that his coat, cap, revolver and lunch-box were found nearby in the boat, and as he had told some friends that he was going to clear a propeller that had become "fouled" on a trip from the anchorage in yellow mill pond, to the Cedar Creek wharf last Saturday, it is believed that he may have fallen into the deep water and drowned.

Search on Sunday and to-day in which grappling irons were used has not disclosed his body. It is in the water. The depth at this point is about 25 feet at high tide.

The fact that the matter was not reported to the police until yesterday afternoon, though the disappearance was noted late Saturday afternoon, as well as the fact that another boat belonging to Lawson was found upside down several hundred feet distant, serves to deepen the mystery which now surrounds the disappearance.

Two policemen under the direction of Sergeant McGirr, and many volunteer searchers, including David Goldstein who has been asked by Superintendent Birmingham to drag for the body, were engaged in the search to-day.

According to the information collected by the police through various sources, Lawson, who bears an excellent reputation as an officer, husband and workman, left his home Saturday morning with his lunch box, fully packed for his night's work as watchman.

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ADDISON CHAPMAN, CONSTABLE, HOLDS UP BRIDGEPORTER

East Middletown Sleuth Stops Graphophone Co. Official After Accident.

(Special to The Farmer.) South Watkinson, April 12.—The automobile owned by C. E. Woods, supervising engineer of the American Graphophone Co., narrowly escaped a serious crash yesterday afternoon in this town, when the rear end of it bumped into the car owned and driven by J. L. Leonard, Jr., of the Jordan Auto Co., Williamite.

Meeting at a corner in South Watkinson, the two cars nearly crashed head-on when Mr. Woods turned sharply to the left to avoid a small car, the driver of which was putting on a new tire. One of the rear wheels of the Woods' car struck a stone and while the forward part of the car avoided the other machine, the rear swerved and struck the front left wheel of the Leonard car, smashing the fender.

Not knowing that a car had been hit, but thinking the shock was due to the stone, Mr. Woods didn't stop his machine until a constable held him up in East Middletown. Leonard had telephoned ahead to the police authorities that his car had been hit and the other machine didn't stop. When Leonard arrived at the road where Constable Addison Chapman was holding the Bridgeporter car, he accepted the statement of Mr. Woods and settlement for the damage. No arrests were made.

With Mr. Woods was Herbert L. Sutton of 25 Stratfield road, an employee of the American Tube & Stamping Co.

WEATHER FORECAST

Generally fair tonight and Tuesday; moderate west winds.

COLONEL TURNS HIS BACK ON BARNES AS LIBEL CASE BEGINS

Big Bull Mooser Doesn't Look at His Opponent in \$50,000 Suit As They Sit in Courtroom—Huge Throng in Attendance—Roosevelt Interested As Many Talesmen Are Examined.

Syracuse, N. Y., April 19.—Theodore Roosevelt and William Barnes faced each other in the supreme court here today when Mr. Barnes' \$50,000 suit for libel against the former President was called for trial.

Mr. Barnes and Col. Roosevelt sat at adjoining tables but no look of recognition passed from one to the other. The room was crowded to the doors and outside the courthouse a great crowd awaited an opportunity to get into the court where the trial is in progress.

Turns Back on Barnes.

Col. Roosevelt, who arrived in court early, stopped in the corridor outside the court room and greeted several friends. Then he went in the room and took a seat at the table reserved for his counsel.

When Mr. Barnes arrived in court he took a chair at his counsel's table. Col. Roosevelt was sitting so that his back was toward his opponent. To all outward appearances neither was aware that the other was anywhere near.

Justice William S. Andrews ascended the bench shortly after 10 o'clock and court was opened. Examination of talesmen in the special panel of 75 called for the case was begun immediately.

Each side was informed by the court that they would be allowed six peremptory challenges. The first talesman examined was James Crego, a farmer, of Onondaga, a village near Syracuse. He was examined by William L. Barnes of Syracuse, one of Mr. Barnes' counsel. Crego, in reply to questions, said that notwithstanding the "political prominence heretofore" of either one or both of the principals in the action he would judge the case upon its merits. Nor would the fact, he said, that the defendant had been president of the United States and governor of New York, influence his mind.

Looks the Colonel Over

Mr. Barnes then started to examine Irving J. Mills, a woodworker of Syracuse, talesman No. 22. Questions asked him were the same as those asked Crego.

Mr. Barnes passed to Ernest Wagner, a butcher, of Syracuse, talesman No. 31, and questioned him. The plan was to have Mr. Barnes examine 12 men and then give counsel for Mr. Barnes their opportunity to examine them.

While Wagner was being examined, Mr. Barnes, who had changed his seat, swung around in his chair, gazed at Col. Roosevelt for fully two minutes and then swung back to the table again and wrote a memorandum on a pad of paper.

The colonel seemed to be intensely interested in the answers given by the talesmen.

Twelve men satisfactory to counsel for Barnes were selected during the opening session of the trial. Mr. Barnes' attorneys used four of their allotted six peremptory challenges before the examination of the prospective jurors at the afternoon session of court.

Waterbury Libel Case
Waterbury, April 19.—William J. Pape, editor of the Waterbury Republican, appeared in the city court this afternoon to answer to the charge of criminal libel brought against him on complaint of State Senator James A. Peaseley. Neither side was ready to proceed and an adjournment of one week was agreed upon and granted by the court.

DiETRICH DENIES
P. O. COMPLAINT;
ANSWER CHARGES

Assistant Superintendent of Mails Puts His Case In Inspectors' Hands.

Charges that he has been "perfunctory" in the discharge of his duties have been filed by Post Office Inspectors Don J. Rapp and Park D. Colvin against William C. Dietrich, assistant superintendent of mails at the local post office. Dietrich today filed answer to the complaints, showing cause why he should not be reduced in rank or dismissed from the service.

Postal officials today refused to discuss the case. Postmaster Greene said he didn't know of any charges being filed.

From other sources, however, it was learned that the inspectors allowed Dietrich three days in which to answer eight complaints that were lodged against him. He received notice of the complaints Friday and his answers were in the inspectors' hands today.

The complaints allege that Dietrich was "perfunctory" in his inspection of carriers; that he did not require their adherence to rules in racking up mail; that he urged them to "loaf" on their routes; and that he falsified the time of one carrier. Dietrich categorically denies the charges in his answer to the inspectors.

Dietrich, some months ago, with Supt. John C. Gormley of the East Side station, made complaints against Fred J. Breckbill, superintendent of mail. Charges have since been made against Gormley, and he was called before the inspectors recently.

WILL WELCOME WARRENITE FOR PAVING TONIGHT

Streets and Sidewalks Committee To Make Favorable Report To Council

TWELVE STREETS IN FIRST SELECTIONS

Rumored That Anderson Will Withdraw Injunction Against Pavement.

When the common council meets this evening it will be presented with a resolution from the streets and sidewalks committee recommending the paving with bituminous macadam, of about 12 miles of Bridgeport streets. This means that these streets which the Republican administration proposed to pave with Warrenite last year and which was prevented by injunction proceedings now pending before the courts, will eventually be paved with Warrenite if the administration can have its way.

The streets to be paved were named in Thursday's issue of The Farmer. Not all these streets will be recommended for paving unless the Republican machine leaders change their plans before the special meeting of the streets and sidewalks committee that will convene before the council meets tonight. At this meeting the program will be again gone over.

While no action was taken at the meeting of the streets and sidewalks committee last week Mayor Wilson and some members of the committee have since had a conference and decided to act at once in reletting contracts. The committee has at its disposal \$57,000, the half mill tax which was taken from the one mill tax for new schools. It also has \$60,000 allowed for macadam repairs. It will be recalled that the first Warrenite was laid on the corner of Court and Fairfield avenues was laid under the head of "macadam repairs."

The committee feels it can use this money even if it is not allowed to take money from the \$200,000 bond issue, \$160,000 of which, it had been proposed to use in the contracts let last year. A charter amendment recently adopted specifies that the paving and sewer commission shall have jurisdiction only over the laying of pavement placed on a concrete base of Portland cement.

There has been some question as to whether or not the members of the committee can be held for contempt of court if they attempt to subvert the contracts while the injunction proceedings are still pending. It has been rumored that Clarence D. Anderson who obtained the injunction against the Warrenite contracts, intends to withdraw his action. Mr. Anderson could not be located today.

The streets and sidewalks committee intends to have the Warrenite contracts for the money they have available as told above, and after the matter now before the court is settled, they will let contracts for many thousands of dollars more.

In all as Mayor Wilson told the press some days ago, 20 miles of Bridgeport streets are to be paved with Warrenite this summer.

Bomb-Setters Get 6 Years

New York, April 19.—Frank Abarno and Carmine Carbone, anarchists, who made and set a bomb in St. Patrick's Cathedral, March 2, when hundreds were worshipping within the edifice, were sentenced today to serve not less than six years nor more than twelve years in Sing Sing prison.

HATTERS CLAIM ADVERSE VERDICT AGAINST EVIDENCE

Counsel Argue to Have Recent Judgment for \$1,100, For Connors Set Aside.

Attorney Howard W. Taylor of Danbury, counsel for State Labor Commissioner P. H. Connolly and Emil Nees, former officials of the Danbury Hatters' union, appeared before Judge Curtis in the superior court this morning to argue a motion to have the court set aside the recent jury verdict in the conspiracy suit brought by Dominick Connors of Danbury against the union officials.

The jury gave Connors \$1,100 damages after hearing evidence in this hard fought case, which was tried once before in Danbury where the jury found for Connolly and Nees. Upon appeal to the supreme court error was found and a new trial ordered. Connors claimed the union officials conspired to have him discharged from the Hawes-von Gal factory in Danbury because he was not in good standing in the union. Attorney Taylor this morning contended that the jury's verdict was contrary to the evidence.

Austrian Attacks Subside

Petrograd, April 19.—Austrian attacks on the heights of the Moxoloborough district of Hungary, where the Austrians for six days have been furiously attempting to regain positions recently taken by the Russians, appear to have definitely subsided.

ALLIES IN DRIVE ON FRONTIER

British Army Leads in New Attack on Important Places Held in Belgium By Germans — Many Trenches Subjected to Severe Infantry Fire.

Berlin Claims British Were Ejected From Strong Positions During Sharp Conflicts—Lieut. Garros, Noted French Aviator, Reported Captured.

TRAWLER TORPEDOED

London, April 19.—The British trawler Vanilla was sunk by a torpedo from a German submarine in the North Sea, according to a report made today by Captain Hill, skipper of the trawler Fermo.

London, April 19.—The British army has begun another drive at the important section of the German line which holds the conquered Belgian. Sharp fighting occurred yesterday in Belgium, and the official French report of to-day states that the British captured 200 yards of German trenches retaining their position in the face of several counter-attacks.

The statement from Berlin, however, says the British were ejected from minor positions they had taken from the Germans and that the British attacks near Ypres broke down with heavy losses.

The French are again on the offensive on the eastern end of the line and substantial progress in Alsace is announced at Paris. The French troops are said to have pressed forward along the Fecht river capturing, among other positions, a height which commands part of the course of the river.

The Berlin report asserts that French onslaughts near Combray and in the Vosges failed.

Lieut. Roland Garros, one of the best known French aviators, whose exploits during the war won him fame, has been captured by the Germans. The Berlin war office announces that the lieutenant was made prisoner near Engelmünster, Belgium.

The authenticity of the official French and British war reports is challenged by the German war office which characterizes as inventions these claims to victories. These claims, it is said, are disproved by the German official statements.

Information has reached Petrograd that the Austrian attempt to regain positions in Northern Hungary captured recently by the Russians, have been abandoned. It is said that after six days of violent fighting, during which the Russians maintained their position, the Austrian attack subsided. It is asserted today that a sudden embargo has been placed at Combray on a trainload of these supplies and that Italy and Rumania have taken joint action in regard to allowing food stuffs for the civilian population of Austria-Hungary to traverse their territories.

Although there has been much fighting in both the east and west, operations on a big scale and still awaiting improvement in the weather on one side and adequate supplies on the other.

Court Delays Thaw's Case

New York, April 19.—Supreme Court Justice Hendrick reserved decision today on the application of counsel for Harry K. Thaw for a jury trial to determine Thaw's sanity. He requested counsel to submit briefs and announced that he would return his decision before Thursday.

WATERBURY WAS THIS MAN'S LAST FOREIGN RESIDENCE, HE SAYS

In spite of what the publicity men say about Waterbury, in spite of columns of figures telling of the extent of manufactures and the number of bricks in the pavement, the real truth about the Brass City is out at last.

A man named Giuseppe Carlo walked into the office of Naturalization Clerk Flanagan this morning and said he wanted to take out naturalization papers. The applicant lives in Stamford but came to this country from Italy.

"What was your last foreign residence?" asked Clerk Flanagan.

"Waterbury," replied Carlo.

Operations of 4,000 buildings, involving more than \$30,000,000, were tied up by the lockout of 16,000 union carpenters at Chicago.